

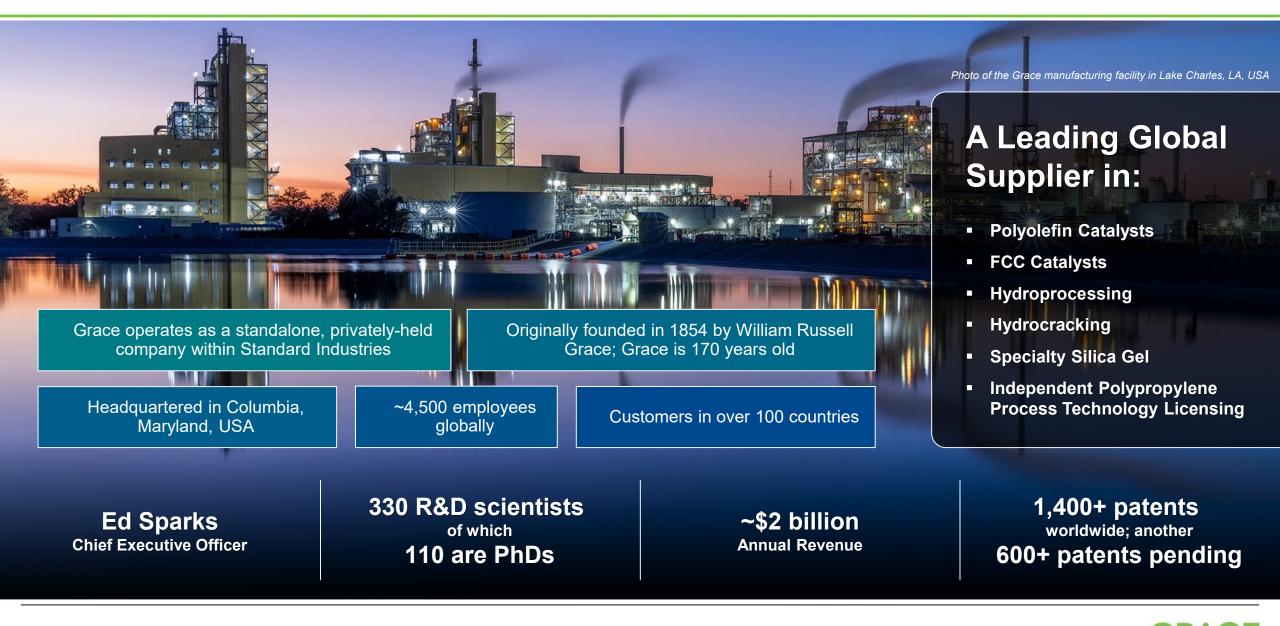
Enhanced Robustness & Durability: New Generation Matting Agents for Waterborne Coatings

Dr. Ziniu Yu Technical Service Manager – Coatings W. R. Grace





Grace: a leading global supplier of specialty chemicals



Grace provides innovative specialty chemicals globally through four business units

Specialty	Refining	ART Hydroprocessing™	Materials
Catalysts	Technologies	A Chevron and Grace joint venture	Technologies
 Polyethylene Catalysts Polypropylene Catalysts Chemical Catalysts Polypropylene Process Technology Licensing 	 FCC Catalysts and Additives for Traditional Fuels and Petrochemical Bedstocks 	 Hydroprocessing Catalysts and Additives for Clean Fuels 	 Specialty Silica and Fine Chemicals Pharma/Nutra Ingredients, Processing Aids, and Fine Chemicals Coatings Ingredients Industrial Additives and Processing Aids Consumer Ingredients and Processing Aids



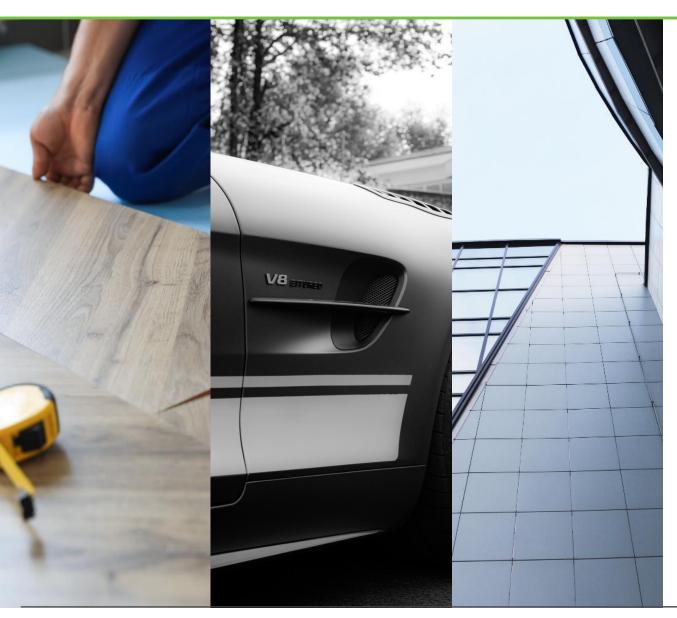
Grace provides innovative specialty chemicals globally through four business units

Specialty	Refining	ART Hydroprocessing ™	Materials
Catalysts	Technologies	A Chevron and Grace joint venture	Technologies
<list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item>	<text></text>	• Hydroprocessing Catalysts and Additives for Clean Fuels	 Specialty Silica and Fine Chemicals Pharma/Nutra Ingredients, Processing Aids, and Fine Chemicals Coatings Ingredients and Processing Aids Consumer Ingredients and Processing Aids

4



Coating Trends





Aesthetic Characteristics

- Imitation of natural wood surfaces
- Market and trend dependent (regional, age, etc.)

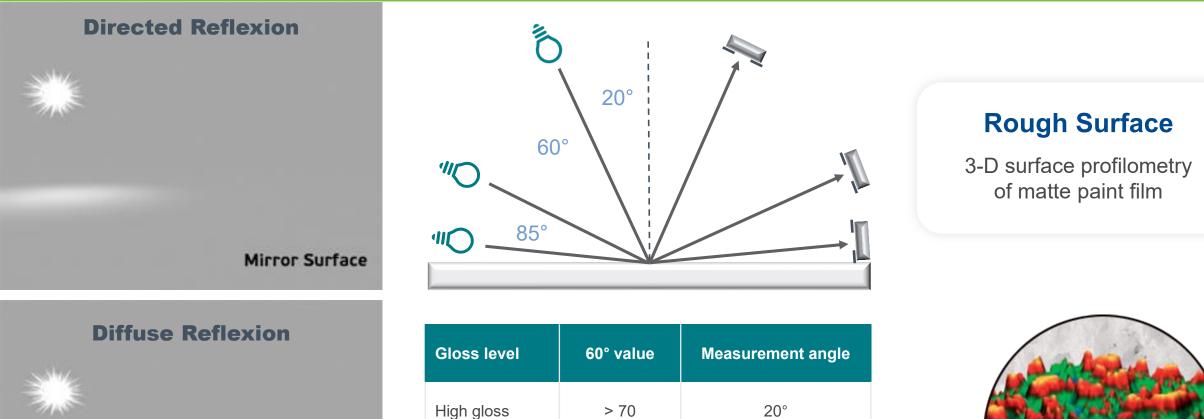


Functional Characteristics

 Glare limitation on buildings, car interior surfaces



Matting in General

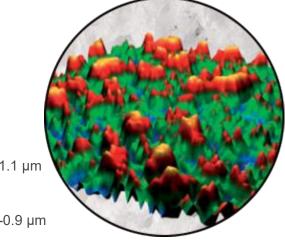


Semi gloss

Low gloss

Rough Surface

> 70	20°	
10 – 70	60°	1.
< 10	85°	-0







Why Use Synthetic Amorphous Silica as a Matting Solution?





S

11/

 \bigcirc

1.1

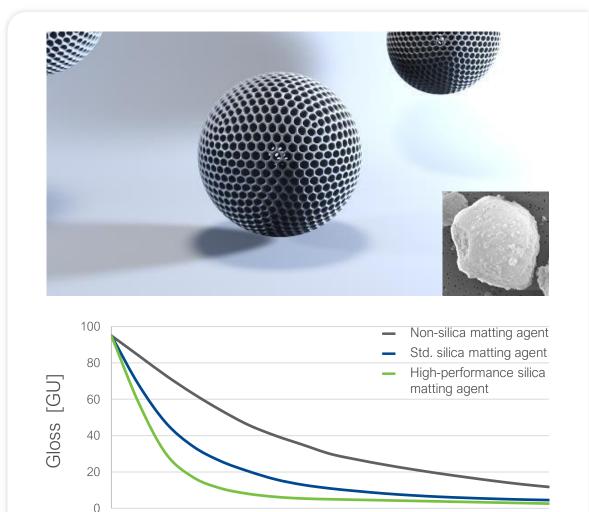
Outstanding matting efficiency

Excellent costperformance ratio

Highly transparent (IOR ~1.45)



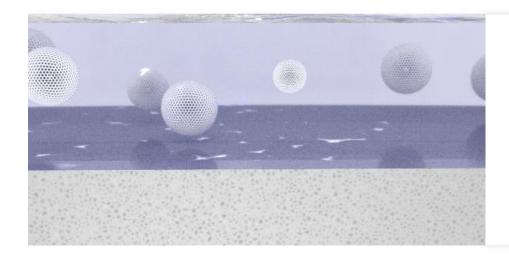
No inhalation hazard as with crystalline silica



Matting agent concentration [%]

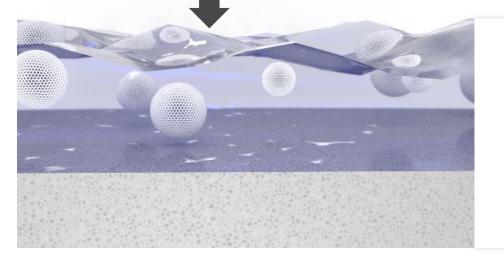


Matting – Conventional Systems



Wet Film Smooth, glossy surface





Dry Film Micro-rough, matte surface

Key Requirement

Micro-roughness in the dry-film surface sufficient for diffuse reflection (Ra > 0.1 μ m)

Silica Parameters

- Particle size and number
- Pore volume
- Orientation of particles
- State / quality of dispersion

Formulation Parameters

- Solid content (determines shrinkage and dry film thickness)
- Polymeric binder
- Interactions with other components



General Comments on Silicas for Coatings

Silica Gel	Precipitated Silica	Fumed Silica
 Higher purity 	 Lower purity 	 Highest purity
 Resistant to over-grind Flexibility of addition Consistent rheology 	 Potential for over-grinding Inconsistent matting Variable rheology 	 Grind sensitivity Inconsistent matting Variable rheology
 Internal pore volume Increased tunability 	 Good dispersion 	 Low bulk density Dust generation Inaccurate dosing

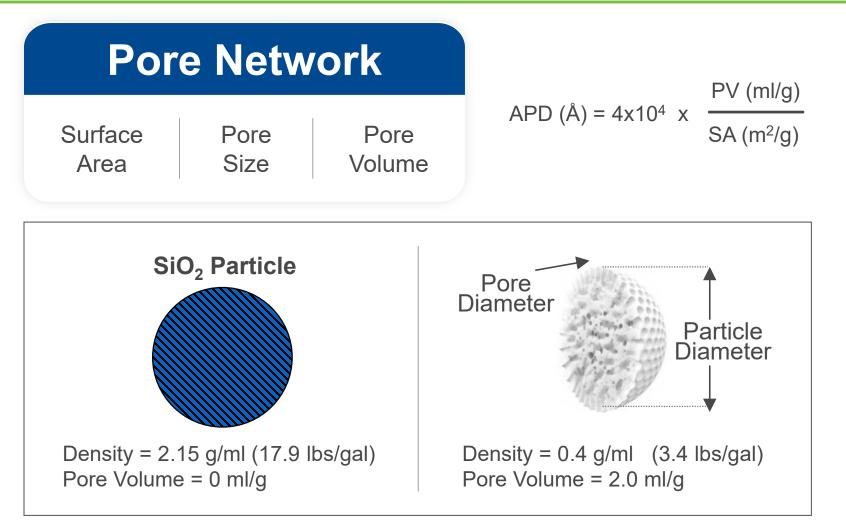
W. R. Grace & Co.

General Comments on Silicas for Coatings

Silica Gel	Precipitated Silica	Fumed Silica
 Higher purity 	Lower purity	Highest purity
 Resistant to over-grind Flexibility of addition Consistent rheology 	 Potential for over-grinding Inconsistent matting Variable rheology 	 Grind sensitivity Inconsistent matting Variable rheology
 Internal pore volume Increased tunability 	 Good dispersion 	 Low bulk density Dust generation Inaccurate dosing

Æ

Silica Particle Structure





Pore Volume, Surface Area, and Pore Diameter are inter-related



Challenges of Waterborne Coatings



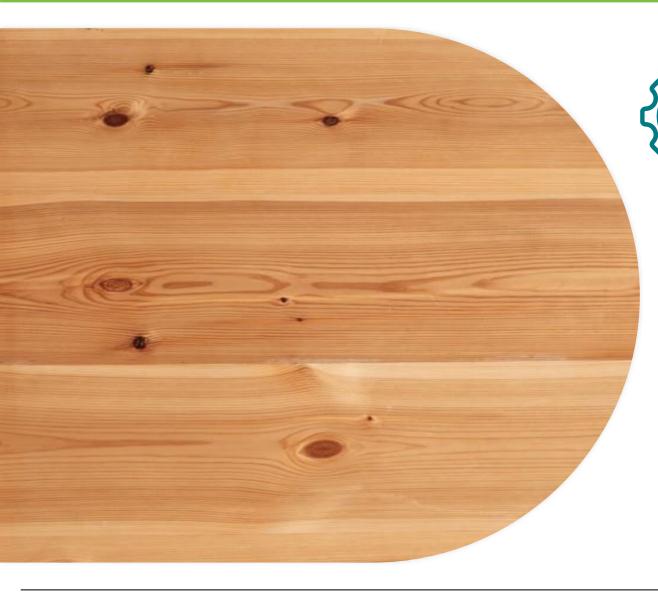
Film properties

- Clarity/Transparency
- Chemical resistance
- Mechanical resistance (scratch, burnishing,...)

Cost pressure

1K WB Acrylic & Acrylic/PUD

Focus of Development

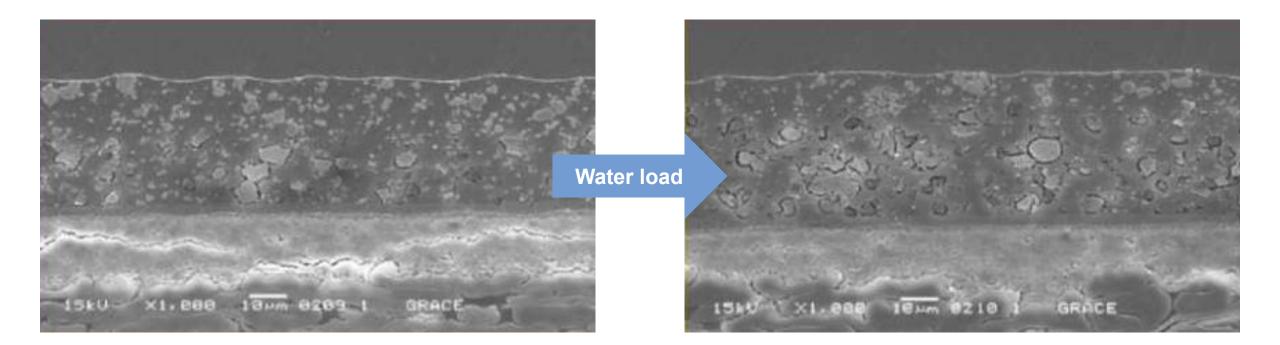


Develop matting agents for waterborne industrial wood coatings with

- Least impact to warmth of wood (Grain enhancement/"Anfeuerung")
- Good chemical resistance comparable to organic matting agents
- Better matting efficiency than organic matting agents
- Good burnish resistance



Understanding the Problem





Non-film forming materials typically deteriorate film integrity



Applied stress results in degradation of visual properties



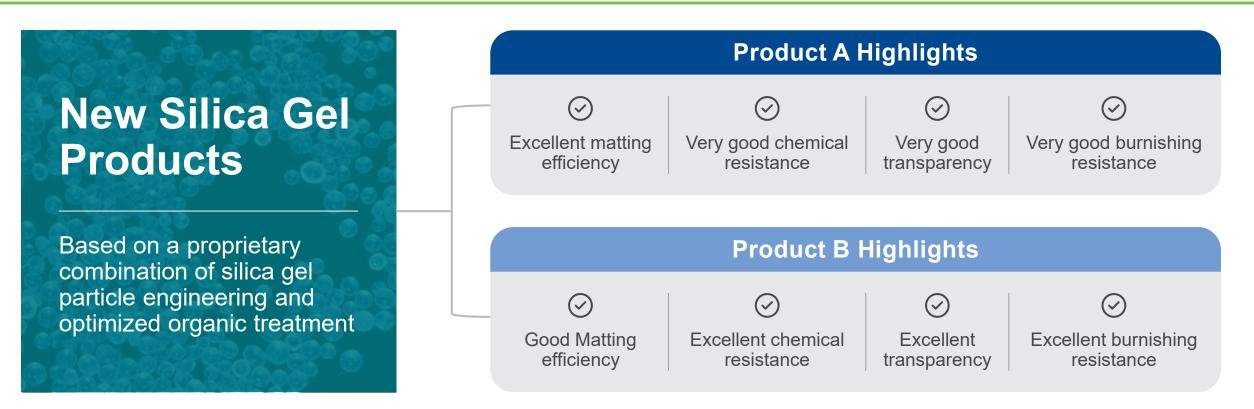
Bad film integrity leads to lower chemical resistance



The organic/inorganic interface is the defect site



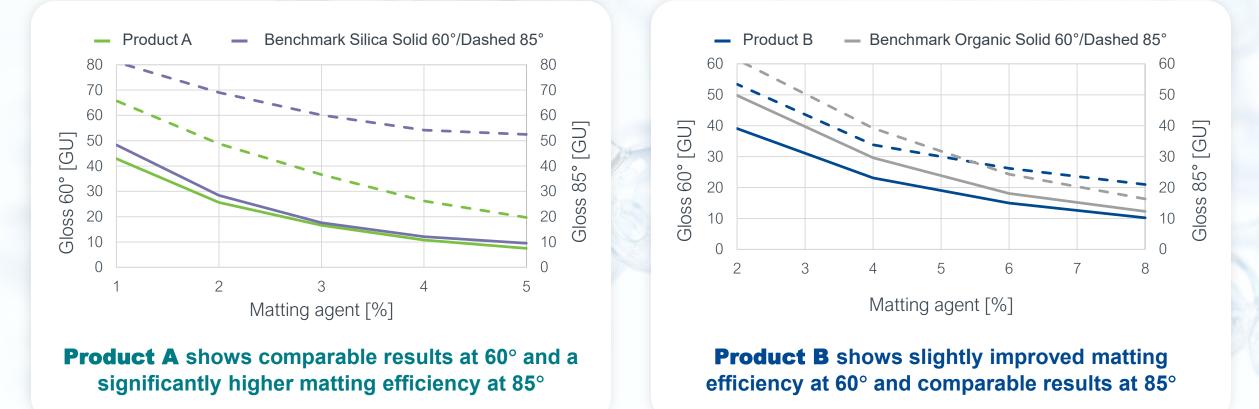
Providing a Silica-based Solution



Matting Agent	Chemistry	Modification	d ₅₀ (μm)
Product A	Silica gel	Organic	7.0
Product B	Silica gel	Organic	7.0
Benchmark Silica	Thermal Silica (based on fumed silica)	-	9.5
Benchmark Organic	Micronized wax	-	8.0



Matting Efficiency Comparison

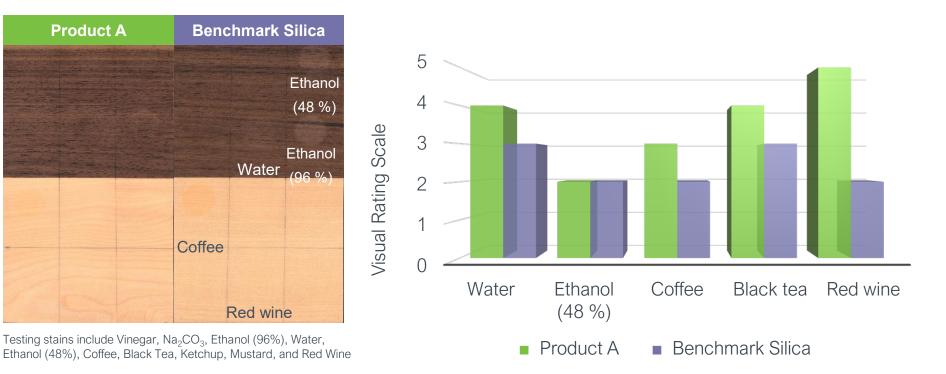


SPF with waterbased all acrylic resin is used for all testings and evaluations.

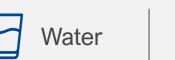




Chemical resistance on wooden substrates (walnut/maple)



Improvement observed in resistance against:



Coffee

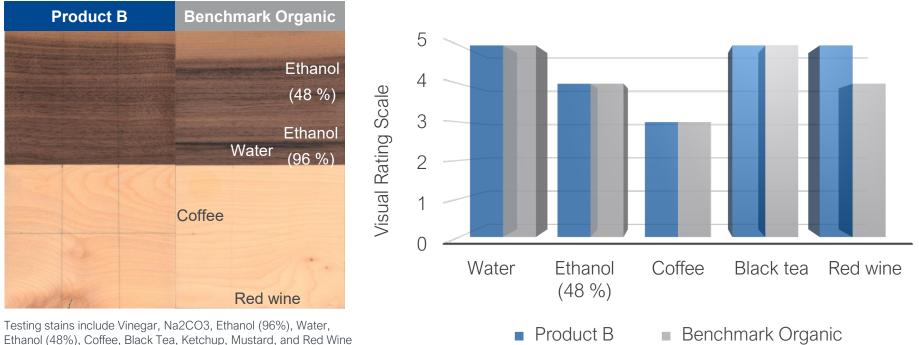








Chemical resistance on wooden substrates (walnut/maple)

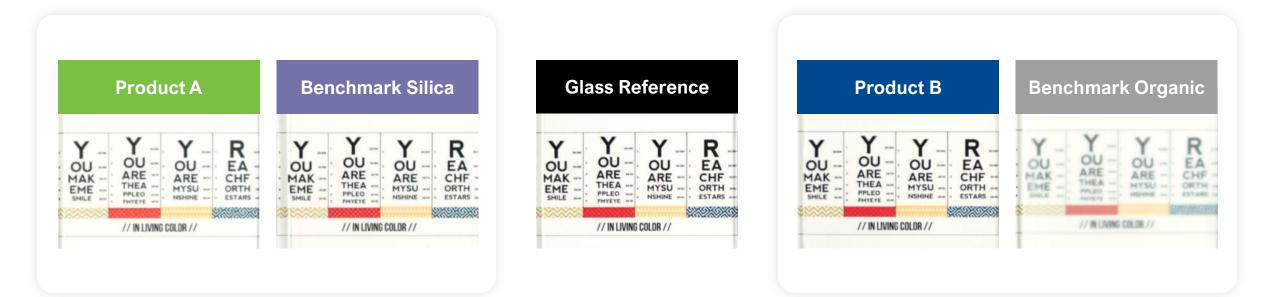


Improvement observed in resistance against:

Red wine

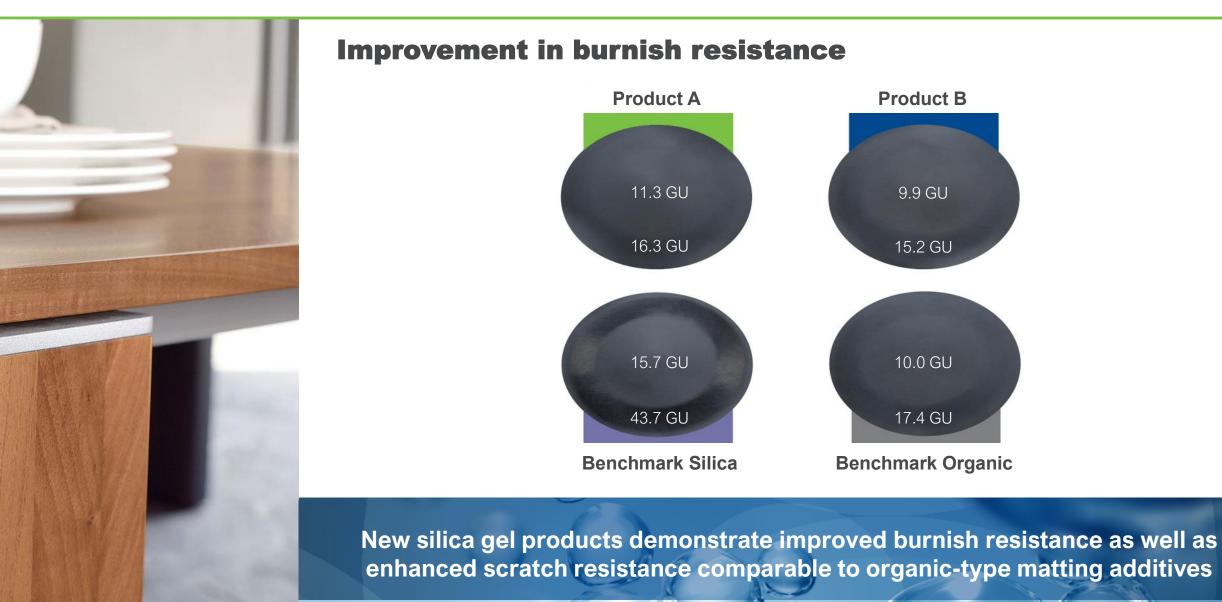


Visual clarity evaluation

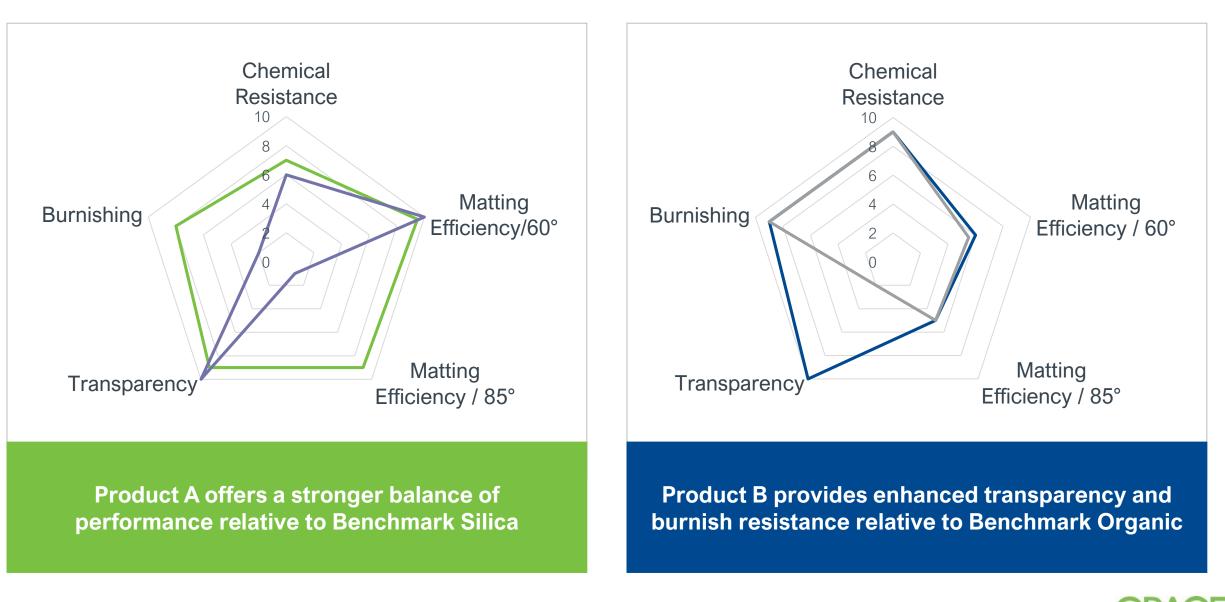


Product A is comparable in visual clarity to Benchmark Silica, while Product B excels relative to All Matting Agents









Thank You for Your Time

Questions?

Contact Info: Email: <u>Ziniu.Yu@grace.com</u> Phone: 443.831.9484



